

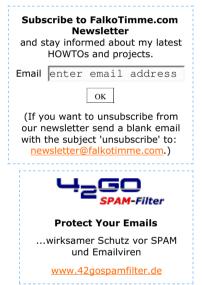


Creating Images Of Your Linux System With SystemImager

Version 1.0

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Have you ever had the problem that you have set up the "perfect system", and now you want to back up this system before you make changes to it so that you can restore the original state if you changes are not satisfying? Or are you a system administrator in a large company where you have to maintain hundreds of Linux machines that run exactly the same software, but are sick of installing each machine manually? Or did you develop a Linux-based hardware appliance, and now you want to sell it in big numbers on different hardware platforms (i.e., different hard disks, etc., not different processor architectures!) without having to maintain an image for each platform? Or do you want to distribute this solution to your resellers overseas, so that you do not have to ship expensive hardware and your resellers can sell their own hardware*? This is where SystemImager comes into play!



From the SystemImager website:

"SystemImager is software that automates Linux installs, software distribution, and production deployment.

SystemImager makes it easy to do automated installs (clones), software distribution, content or data distribution, configuration changes, and operating system updates to your network of Linux machines. You can even update from one Linux release version to another!

It can also be used to ensure safe production deployments. By saving your current production image before updating to your new production image, you have a highly reliable contingency mechanism. If the new production environment is found to be flawed, simply roll-back to the last production image with a simple update command!

Some typical environments include: Internet server farms, database server farms, high performance clusters, computer labs, and corporate desktop environments."

SystemImager lets you create images of your installations. To do so, you need an <code>image server</code> (should have enough disk space to store your images) and a so-called <code>golden client</code> (i.e., your "perfect system" of which you want to make an image). This means that you have to install some software on your image server and on your golden client in order to run SystemImager. SystemImager provides Debian packages as well as rpm packages for rpm-based distributions such as RedHat, Fedora, SUSE or Mandrake. In this example both my image server and my golden client are running under <code>Debian</code>.

This howto is meant as a practical guide; it does not cover the theoretical backgrounds. They are treated in a lot of other documents in the web.

This document comes without warranty of any kind!

*This is what we do in the company I am working for. We distribute images of our <u>spamfilter appliance</u> to our resellers over the internet, so that they can install and sell it on their own hardware platforms. If you are interested, write to <u>info@projektfarm.de</u>.

1 Install SystemImager On The Image Server

Add

```
deb http://download.systemimager.org/debian stable main
to /etc/apt/sources.list and run
apt-get update
```

To install the SystemImager server simply run

apt-get install systemimager-server

2 Install SystemImager On The Golden Client

Add

```
deb http://download.systemimager.org/debian stable main
to /etc/apt/sources.list and run
apt-get update
```

To install the SystemImager client simply run

apt-get install systemimager-client

3 Create An Image Of your Golden Client On The Image Server

Now let's assume that my image server has the IP address 192.168.0.2, and my golden client has the IP address 192.168.0.100.

In order to pull an image from the golden client, you should shut down any firewall on the golden client, or at least allow connection to port 873 TCP (rsync). Now, on the **golden client**, run the following command:

```
prepareclient --server 192.168.0.2
```

On the image server, run

```
getimage -golden-client 192.168.0.100 -image my golden client -ip-assignment replicant
```

where my_golden_client is the name of the image you want to create. -ip-assignment can have one of the following 4 values (see man getimage):

- static_dhcp -- A DHCP server will assign the same static address each time to clients installed with this image. The DHCP server in this case also assigns the corresponding host name. It is possible therefore, when using static dhcp, to change a machine's hostname and IP address by simply changing one value in the dhcpd.conf file. Some may find this desirable. Also see the mkdhcpstatic command.
- · dynamic_dhcp -- A DHCP server will assign IP addresses dynamically to clients installed with this image. In dynamic dhcp, the IP address of a machine may change, but you want it to retain the same host name. Therefore the hostname is set by the machine itself. They may be assigned a different address each time.
- · **static** -- The IP address the client uses during autoinstall will be permanently assigned to that client.
- · replicant -- Don't mess with the network settings in this image. I'm using it as a

backup and quick restore mechanism for a single machine.

4 Create A Boot Diskette

SystemImager lets you install images on systems that have nothing installed on it. But we have to tell such a system where to get the image from. This can be done with a boot diskette (which means that your new system needs an IDE floppy drive, it will not work with a USB floppy drive). To create a boot diskette, insert an empty diskette in your image server and run

mkautoinstalldiskette

This will create a standard boot diskette. Now we have to create a configuration file called <code>local.cfg</code>:

```
HOSTNAME=www
DOMAINNAME=example.com
DEVICE=eth0
IPADDR=192.168.0.100
NETMASK=255.255.255.0
NETWORK=192.168.0.0
BROADCAST=192.168.0.255
GATEWAY=192.168.0.1
GATEWAYDEV=eth0
IMAGESERVER=192.168.0.2
IMAGENAME=my_golden_client
```

It should contain the desired network settings of your new machine. DEVICE and GATEWAYDEV should be the Linux device name of your network card. IMAGESERVER should be the IP address of your image server, and IMAGENAME should be the name of the image to be retrieved.

Save this file to your boot diskette. You can even do this on your Windows workstation, but be sure to save the file with **UNIX linebreaks**!

Another way of creating your boot diskette is this:

Create a file /var/lib/systemimager/my_golden_client.local.cfg on your image server. /var/lib/systemimager/my_golden_client.local.cfg should be filled with the same contents as local.cfg above. Then run

 ${\it mkautoinstall diskette -config /var/lib/systemimager/my_golden_client.local.cfg}$

This will create your boot diskette with your local.cfg included!

A third way of creating a boot diskette is this: Download this <u>boot diskette image</u> and write it to a diskette. On a Linux system, you can do this with the following command:

```
dd if=systemimager-floppy-image.img of=/dev/fd0
```

On Windows, you can use a tool like RawWrite to achieve this. Afterwards, you still have to create a local.cfq on the diskette as described in the first method to make a boot diskette above.

5 Install Image On A New System

On your image server, execute the following command:

```
/etc/init.d/systemimager-server-rsyncd start
```

Be sure that port 873 TCP can be accessed from the outside (firewall!).

Now insert your boot diskette into your new system and boot from the diskette. Your new system will install the image my golden client automagically, and you are done!

6 Update An Image

Let's say you have made some important changes to your golden client, and now you want to update your previously created image $my_golden\ client$. The steps are the same as in paragraph 3:

On your golden client, run

```
prepareclient --server 192.168.0.2
```

(Be aware of your firewall!)

On the image server, run:

getimage -qolden-client 192.168.0.100 -image my golden client -ip-assignment replicant

7 Delete An Image

If you want to delete an image on your image server, simply run

rmimage my_golden_client

(my golden client should be replaced with the name of the image to be deleted.)

Links

Systemimager: http://www.systemimager.org/

- → <u>Support</u> is available <u>here</u>!
- → NEW! Visit my Linux forums!

If you find this page useful you can acknowledge your gratitude by making a donation (through PayPal):



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